#### § 128-1.5005-2

- (e) Authorizing the retention for official use by the bureau of abandoned or other unclaimed personal property and of personal property which is voluntarily abandoned or forfeited other than by court decree.
- (f) Determining when personal property becomes excess and reporting the excess property to the General Services Administration (GSA).
- (g) Assigning or transferring excess personal property within the bureau to other bureaus of the Department, other Federal agencies, the Legislative Branch to the Judicial Branch, to wholly-owned or mixed-ownership Government corporations, to cost-reimbursable type contractors, or to authorized grantees.
- (h) Transferring property forfeited to the Government to other authorized recipients or requesting judicial transfer of such property from others to the bureau.
- (i) Determining fair market value of abandoned and other unclaimed property retained for official use by the bureau, for deposit to a special fund for reimbursement of owners.
- (j) Approving claims and reimbursing, less direct costs, former owners of abandoned or other unclaimed personal property which has been sold or retained for official use.
- (k) Recommending non-Federal grantee excess property screeners to GSA as required in FPMR 101-43.320(h).
- (1) When authorized by statutory authority, vesting title to Government-furnished personal property in contractors or grantees.
- (m) Acquiring excess personal property from other bureaus and from other Federal agencies.

# § 128-1.5005-2 Redelegations of authority.

- (a) The authorities delegated by the Assistant Attorney General for Administration to heads of bureaus may, in turn, be redelegated as necessary to enable personal property management functions to be performed at the organizational level best equipped to handle such functions, unless otherwise prohibited by this regulation.
- (b) Such redelegations can be made without the specific approval of the Assistant Attorney General for Adminis-

- tration to deputies, principal administrative officers, heads of field offices and installations and their respective deputies. Such redelegations shall not conflict with the duties or responsibilities assigned to the PMO, or PC under the JPMR.
- (c) Existing delegations of authority by the Assistant Attorney General for Administration in matters of personal property management which are not covered in this section shall continue in effect until modified or revoked.
- (d) Redelegations of authorities made in accordance with this section shall be in writing and shall be made available for audits, surveys, or as otherwise appropriate.

### § 128-1.5006 General responsibilities.

#### § 128-1.5006-1 Head of bureau.

The head of a bureau is responsible for establishing and administering a property management program within his respective operation which will provide for:

- (a) The planning and scheduling of property requirements to assure that supplies, equipment, and space are readily available to satisfy program needs while minimizing operating costs and inventory levels.
- (b) The creation and maintenance of complete, accurate inventory control and accountability record systems.
- (c) The maximum utilization of available property for official purposes.
- (d) The proper care and securing of property, to include storage, handling, preservation, and preventative maintenance.
- (e) The identification of property excess to the needs of the bureau which must be made available to other Departmental activities and reported to GSA for transfer, donation, or disposal, as appropriate, under the provisions of the FPMR and JPMR.
- (f) The submission of required property management reports.
- (g) The conducting of periodic management reviews within the activity to assure compliance with prescribed policies, regulations, and procedures and to determine additional guidance or training needs.

- (h) Advising all bureau employees of their responsibilities for Government property.
- (i) Supporting general ledger control accounts for personal property by establishing subsidiary accounts and records as prescribed by the bureau in accordance with the provisions of DOJ Order 2110.1, Paragraph 4(b)(c).

## § 128-1.5006-2 Property management officer (PMO).

The property management officer of a bureau is responsible for coordinating and conducting the activities of the personal property management program and for performing the following functions:

- (a) Providing the required leadership, guidance, and operating procedures for personal property management functions.
- (b) Ensuring general ledger control accounts for personal property are supported by property records in accordance with DOJ Order 2110.1, Paragraph 6.103b(4).
- (c) Ensuring bureau compliance with the personal property management requirements of the FPMR and JPMR.
- (d) Designating items of controlled personal property within the bureau.
- (e) Ensuring records of controlled personal property are created and maintained by personnel other than property custodians.

### § 128-1.5006-3 Department employees.

Each employee of the Department who has use of, supervises the use of, or has control over Government property is responsible for that property. This responsibility may take either or both of the following forms:

- (a) Supervisory responsibility, in which an officer-in-charge, and administrative officer, or a supervisor is obligated to establish and enforce necessary administrative and security measures to ensure proper preservation and use of all Government property under his jurisdiction.
- (b) Personal responsibility, in which each employee of the Department is obligated to properly care for, handle, use, and protect Government property issued to or assigned for the employee's use at or away from the office or station

# § 128-1.5007 Reproduction of departmental and bureau seals.

- (a) Requests for permission to reproduce the Departmental seal for commercial, educational, ornamental or other purposes by other government agencies or private entities shall be referred to the Assistant Attorney General for Administration for decision.
- (b) Requests for permission to reproduce the seals of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Bureau of Prisons, the Federal Prison Industries, the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Board of Parole, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the United States Marshals Service for such purposes by other government agencies or private entities shall be referred to the head of the respective Departmental organization for decision.
- (c) The decision whether to grant such a request shall be made on a caseby-case basis, with consideration of any relevant factors, which may include the benefit or cost to the government of granting the request; the unintended appearance of endorsement or authentication by the Department; the potential for misuse; the effect upon Departmental security; the reputability of the use; the extent of control by the Department over the ultimate use; and the extent of control by the Department over distribution of any products or publications bearing a Departmental seal.

[45 FR 55727, Aug. 21, 1980]

### § 128-1.5009 Authorization for use of the Federal Bureau of Investigation anti-piracy warning seal.

- (a) Purpose. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Anti-Piracy Warning Seal ("APW Seal") is an official insignia of the FBI and the United States Department of Justice. The purpose of the APW Seal is to help detect and deter criminal violations of United States intellectual property laws by educating the public about the existence of these laws and the authority of the FBI to enforce them.
- (b) The APW Seal is a modified image of the Official FBI Seal with the words "FBI ANTI-PIRACY WARNING" displayed horizontally across its center in an enclosed border, whether rendered